

# 1998 Drinking Water Quality Report

# RRA - SAID WATER SYSTEM

**Red River Authority of Texas** 

900 8<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 520 Wichita Falls, Texas 76301 940/723-8697

#### OUR DRINKING WATER IS SAFE

The Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission (TNRCC) has assessed our system and determined that our water is safe to drink. The analysis was made by using the data in the attached tables. If your water meets federal standards there may not be any health based benefits to purchasing bottled water or point of use devices.

# Special Notice for the ELDERLY, INFANTS, CANCER PATIENTS, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune problems:

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminates in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidelines appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminats are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800/426-4791).

#### En Espanol

Este report incluye la informacion importante sobre su aqua beber. A obtener una copia de esta informacion o traducir en Espanol, llamar

# Where do we get our drinking water?

The RRA-Said Water System utilizes Surface water from Greenbelt Lake as its sole source supply. Treated surface water is purchased from the Greenbelt Municipal and Industrial Water Authority (GMIWA) who owns and operates Greenbelt Lake. After treating the raw water from Greenbelt Lake through its treatment facilities, GMIWA transports the water to its customer entities located along a pipeline stretching from just north of Clarendon, Texas southeast to Crowell, Texas. The TNRCC will be reviewing all of Texas' drinking water sources. The source water assessment process will be completed in three years.

## ALL Drinking Water May Contain Contaminants

Drinking water, **including bottled water**, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800/426-4791).

# Public Participation Opportunities

The Authority's Board of Directors regularly meets on the third Wednesday of January, April, July and September of each year. Specific times and locations of these and/or any special meetings can be obtained by contacting the Authority at 940/723-8697.

For more information about the water quality of your water system, public participation programs, water conservation programs and/or general operations policies, call 940/723-8697 or e-mail the Authority at: <a href="mailto:info@rra.dst.tx.us">info@rra.dst.tx.us</a>. For service request or reporting leaks after normal business hours, contact your District Manager, Mr. Tim Altman at 940/937-3251 or Mr. Rickey Pierce at 940/937-3949.

## **System Information**

The Red River Authority of Texas owns and operates 29 registered public water supply systems through its Utility Division. The Utility Division maintains over 2,150 miles of transmission lines, two surface water treatment plants, 65 pumping facilities and serves approximately 10,000 customers residing in a 15 county area of the Red River Basin. The Utility Division is subdivided into geographical districts for proper management, maintenance and financial accounting of individual systems.

The RRA-Said Water System is one of the water systems operated by the Utility Division's District 14. In 1998, the system served 25 active connections with an average water use of 380 gallons per day per connection. The primary use of the water was rural domestic. No major Capital Improvement items were scheduled for 1998.

The Authority is currently upgrading the Utility Division's Water Conservation and Drought Contingency Plan. Information on the plan and its possible effects on the RRA-Said Water System will be provided after it is finalized.

#### **Definitions:**

#### Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) -

The highest level of a contaminant in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risk. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Treatment Technique -** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Action Level -** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

NTU - Nephelometric Turbidity Units

MFL - million fibers per liter

pci/l - picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

**ppm** - parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/l)

**ppb** - parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (ug/l)

ppt - parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

## **About the Attached Table**

U.S. EPA requires water systems to test up to 97 constituents. Six constituents were detected in your water. The attached table contains all of the chemical constituents which have been found in your drinking water.

Inorganics

·	morganics							
Year	Constituent	Highest Level at Any Sampling Point	Range of Detected Levels	MCL	MCLG	Unit of Measure	Source of Constituent	
1998	Barium	0.276	0.2400- 0.2760	2	2	ppm	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.	
1997	Fluoride	0.9	0.9000- 0.9000	4	4	ppm	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.	
1997	Nitrate	0.05	0.0500- 0.0500	10	10	ppm	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.	
1998	Selenium	2.8	0.0000- 2.8000	50	50	ppb	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines.	
1998	Gross alpha adjusted	2.4	2.4000- 2.4000	15	0	pci/l	Erosion of natural deposits.	
1998	Gross beta emitters	8.3	8.3000- 8.3000	50	0	pci/l	Decay of natural and manmade deposits.	

### **Lead and Copper**

Year	Constituent	The 90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile	Number of Sites Exceeding Action Level	Action Level	Unit of Measure	Source of Constituent
1997	Lead	2.0000	0	15	ppb	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposit.
1997	Copper	0.6100	0	1.3	ppm	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives.

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#### **COLIFORMS**

What are coliforms? Coliform bacteria are used as indicators of microbial contamination of f drinking water because they are easily detected and found in the digestive tract of warm blooded animals. While not themselves disease producers, they are often found in association with other microbes that are capable of causing disease. Coliform bacteria are more hardythan many disease-causing organisms; therefore their absence from water is a good indication that the water is bacteriologically safe for human consumption.

Fecal coliform (mostly E-coli), is aportion of the coliformbacteria group originating in the intestinal tract of warm-blooded animals that passes into the environment as feces. Fecal coliform is often used as an indicator of the fecal contamination of domestic water supply

#### **Total Coliform**

Year	Constituent	Highest Monthly Number of Positive Samples	MCL	Unit of Measure	Source of Constituent		
1998	Total Coliform Bacteria	1	0	Presence	Naturally present in the environment.		
* Two o	* Two or more coliform found samples in any single month.						